



GRANT IN AID COLLEGE AFFILIATED TO VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT.
MANAGED BY BILIMORA VIBHAG KELVANI MANDAL, BILIMORA.

V. S. Patel College of Arts & Science, Bilimora.

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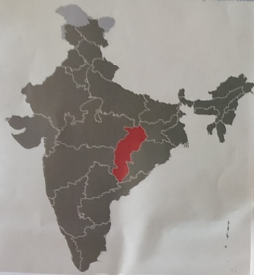


Display Board - Geography and Climate Change of Chhattisgarh

CHHATTISGARH GEOGRAPHY
Nov 21, 2013, 10:00 AM

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Chhattisgarh is separated out of Madhya Pradesh and came into being on November 1, 2000 as the twenty-sixth state of the Union. It encompasses the long, triangular domain



of the people. In antiquity, across the country was recognized as Dakshin - Kausal between the 6th and 12th centuries. Padma, Sarabhadra, Somnath, Nagarnath and Kakhil were significant in this region. Kalchuri ruled in Chhattisgarh region from 800 to 1391 AD.

With the start of the British rule in the year 1843, Rajput expanded dominion as a replacement for the capital Raipur. In the year 1904, Madhya Pradesh region was reformed into Orissa and the center of Nagpur was shifted from Nagpur to Chhattisgarh. The region was reformed by Southern Madhya Pradesh and Orissa, the East, Madhya Pradesh and Madhya Pradesh in the west, Western Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh in the North and Andhra Pradesh in South.

Geographical Features

Coordinates: 21.27°N 83.80°E
Established: 01 November 2000
Capital: Raipur
Largest city: Raipur
Population: 27.6 million (2011)
Official languages: Chhattisgarhi and Hindi

Major Rivers of Chhattisgarh

Name of the river: Kanker River
Passes through: Udaipur, Raipur, Chhattisgarh

Name of the river: Eand River
Passes through: Chhattisgarh, Orissa

Name of the river: Sankh River
Passes through: Chhattisgarh, Orissa, Madhya Pradesh

Name of the river: Tandi River
Passes through: Chhattisgarh

Name of the river: Sankh River
Passes through: Chhattisgarh


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CLIMATE IN CHHATTISGARH

Chhattisgarh is a newly born Indian state carved out of the state of Madhya Pradesh in the year 2000. Chhattisgarh is an exceptionally rich in natural resources. In fact, the natural parks and the wildlife reserves of Chhattisgarh are as major tourist attractions. Before you plan a trip to Chhattisgarh, there are certain facts that you should know in order to get you acquainted with the state. The climate in Chhattisgarh is one such aspect.

The latitudinal and longitudinal positioning of a place has a major influence on its climate. Chhattisgarh is situated between 17 to 22.7 degrees north latitude and 83.40 to 83.38 east longitude. Its positioning on the Tropic of Cancer makes the Chhattisgarh climate warm. As is usual with the tropical climate, the summers in Chhattisgarh are warm and humid and the winters are cool. During a typically hot summer day, the mercury can shoot up to 45 degrees Celsius. The climate in Chhattisgarh shows a major shift from the sultry heat to the pleasantly cold during the winters. The winters can be chilly with the mercury plummeting to hit the 10 degree Celsius mark. Chhattisgarh also receives a fair amount of rainfall with the average rainfall of around 1400 mm. The entire state falls under the semi-arid climatic zone. The rainwater is the major source of irrigation and a large variation in the yearly rainfall adversely affects the crop production.